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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/043,561	01/08/2002	Donald J.K. Olgado	AMAT/6060/CALB/COPPER/PJS 7947		
32588	7590 01/08/2004		EXAMINER		
	ATERIALS, INC.		CHEN, KIN CHAN ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
	BLVD. M/S 2061 RA, CA 95050				
	,		1765	<u> </u>	
			DATE MAILED: 01/08/200	DATE MAILED: 01/08/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

for a	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Advisory Action	10/043,561	OLGADO ET AL.	PX/				
, introduction	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Kin-Chan Chen	1765					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address							
THE REPLY FILED 24 December 2003 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to avoid abandonment of this application. A proper reply to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) a timely filed amendment which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee); or (3) a timely filed Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.							
PERIOD FOR REPLY [check either a) or b)]							
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of the final rejection. The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's Brief must be filed within the period set forth in 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal.							
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered because:							
(a) ☐ they raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);							
(b) ☐ they raise the issue of new matter (see Note below);							
(c) ☐ they are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or							
(d) they present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.							
3.☐ Applicant's reply has overcome the following reject	tion(s):						
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	be allowable if submitted in a s	eparate, timely filed	d amendment				
5.⊠ The a)□ affidavit, b)□ exhibit, or c)⊠ request fo application in condition for allowance because: se		sidered but does NC	OT place the				
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered be raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	cause it is not directed SOLELY	to issues which we	re newly				
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims w			and an				
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:							
Claim(s) allowed:							
Claim(s) objected to:							
Claim(s) rejected:							
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
8. The drawing correction filed on is a) approved or b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s)							
10. Other:		K CMA					

Kin-Chan Chen Primary Examiner Art Unit: 1765 Application/Control Number: 10/043,561

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Responses to request-for-reconsideration-after-final

- 1. Applicant has argued the cited case law is applicable for combining two compositions to form the third composition rather than combining two processes when each of which is used for the same purpose. It is not persuasive. The **obviousness** of applying two known process steps sequentially or simultaneously is clearly analogous to applying two known compositions. Therefore, as has been stated in the office action, It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skilled in the art to use conventional wet etching process, dry etching process or **combinations thereof** (such as perform them sequentially) because each of which is taught by Roberts to be used for same purpose of planarizing a metal conductor layer on a top surface of a substrate.
- 2. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine Roberts et al. and Contolini et al. (or Nishibe et al.), the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, the method described in Contolini et al. (or Nishibe et al.) is the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art because it is notoriously well-known (conventional) method in the art of semiconductor device fabrication.

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3. Applicant has argued that the combined prior art does not teach claimed invention and recite each claim. However, mere reiteration of claim recitation does not constitute an argument within the meaning of 37 CFR 1.192(c) (7)(8).

In light of the comments above, the obviousness rejections are maintained.

January 2, 2004

KIN-CHAN CHEN PRIMARY EXAMINER